### Fourth Session Eleventh Parliament Trinidad and Tobago Republic of



# REPUBLIC OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

## Act No. 8 of 2019

[L.S.]

An Act to provide for the establishment of the Civil restriction and forfeiture of criminal property and Asset Recovery and Management Agency for the unexplained wealth orders and matters incidental remedies of restriction in dealings with civil assets recovery of criminal property through the use of the management of criminal property, and

[Assented to 23rd April, 2019]

Enactment follows: ENACTED by the Parliament of Trinidad and Tobago as

#### PART I

### Preliminary

and Management and Unexplained Wealth Act, 2019. 1. This Act may be cited as the Civil Asset Recovery

Short title

- $\mathbf{s}$ fixed by the President by Proclamation. 2. This Act shall come into operation on such date as
- requires 3. (1) In this Act, unless the context otherwise

Interpretation

Commencement

- "Agency" means the Civil Asset Recovery and Management Agency established under section 8;
- "associated property" means in relation to criminal property, terrorist property or instrumentality of a crime that is recoverable under this Act, that part of the property which is not recoverable and—
- (a) is an interest in the recoverable property;
- (b) is any other interest in the property in which the recoverable property subsists;
- (c) the share of the other owner of the property where it is held in common ownership; or
- (d) the remainder of a larger part of the property which is not a separate part;
- "cash" drafts, including currency, postal orders, cheques of any kind currency; bearer bearer includes coins and notes in negotiable instruments and other bearer bonds, negotiable travellers' instruments bearer shares and cheques, bankers' n

- "civil asset recovery" means the restriction or forfeiture of recoverable property or the use of an Unexplained Wealth Order under this
- "Civil Asset Forfeiture Payment Order" means an order made by the High Court under section 48;
- "consent order" means an order made by the High Court under section 49(1);
- "criminal conduct" means conduct which-
- (a) constitutes a specified offence; or
- (b) if it occurs in a country outside of Trinidad and Tobago-
- (i) would and offence in that country; constitute an
- (ii)if committed in and constitute offence; Tobago а specified Trinidad would
- "criminal property" means property-
- (a) which constitutes gains other property; and indirectly or in part whether directly or represents such benefit, in whole person from criminal conduct or converted or transformed into and funds including a benefit to a 0r economic property
- (b) which the alleged offender knows it is immaterial who carried out represents a benefit and for which  $^{\mathrm{or}}$ the conduct or who benefitted from the conduct; suspects constitutes

- "excepted joint owner" means a person who has recoverable under this Act; interest in property which is not
- "IFRS" means the International Financial Standards Board; Reporting Standards as adopted from time to time by the International Accounting
- "instrumentality of crime" includes or "instrumentalities"
- (a) any property used or intended to commission of a specified offence; part in, or in connection with the be used, in a manner, wholly or in
- (b)property that is used, intended or allocated for use in the financing of terrorist organizations; terrorism or terrorist acts or by
- "listed asset" means an item of property that of property: falls within one of the following descriptions
- (a) precious silver or platinum whether in a manufactured or unmanufactured metals including gold,
- *(b)* precious stones including diamonds, rubies, whether in a treated or untreated state; sapphires,  $^{\circ}$ emeralds
- $\widehat{c}$ watches;
- (b) artistic section 5 of the Copyright Act; works falling under
- ecomputers and electronics;
- face-value vouchers, which are in a physical form which represents the

Chap. 82:80

right to receive goods or services to the value of the amount stated on it; and

### (g) postage stamps;

"Preliminary Unexplained Wealth Order" means an order of the High Court granted under section 61 by which the respondent is required to appear before the High Court for a determination to be made as to whether an Unexplained Wealth Order should be made;

"property" means assets, of any kind whether tangible or intangible, moveable or immovable, listed assets and includes cash;

"Property Manager" means the person appointed under section 17;

"reasonable living expenses" includes—

- (a) mortgage or rent payments;
- (b) allowances for food, transport, clothing, medicine and medical treatment;
- (c) any payments due as a result of an order of the High Court;
- (d) provision for the reasonable living expenses of dependents including educational expenses; and
- (e) provision for taxes, insurance premiums and public utilities;
- "recoverable property" means criminal property, terrorist property or an instrumentality of a crime;
- "Seized of Crime Act; established under section 59 of the Proceeds Assets Fund" means theFund Chap. 11:27
- "specified offence" has the meaning assigned to it by section 2 of the Proceeds of Crime Act;

Chap. 12:07

- "terrorist act" has the meaning assigned to it by section 2 of the Anti-Terrorism Act;
- "terrorist organization" has the meaning assigned to it by section 2 of the Anti-Terrorism Act;
- "terrorist property" has the meaning assigned to it by section 2 of the Anti-Terrorism Act;
- "Trustee" means the Civil Asset Trustee or a Deputy Civil Asset Trustee; and
- "Unexplained Wealth Order" means an order of the High Court made under section 65 by which the respondent is required to pay to the State the assessed difference between the total value of the wealth of the respondent and the lawfully acquired wealth of the respondent.
- his property includes a reference to his-(2) References in this Act to a person disposing of
- (a) divesting of—
- (i) a part of the property;
- (ii) the property under a will, disposition, intestacy or operation of law; or
- (iii) the property where he gave unexecuted consideration which became executed consideration;
- (b) granting an interest in it through mortgage, conveyance, gift or otherwise; or
- (c) making a payment to a person in respect thereof.

Application

shall apply to all recoverable property, irrespective of into force of this Act. recoverable property occurred before or after the coming whether or not the criminal conduct relative to the (1) Upon the coming into force of this Act, this Act

- coming into force of this Act. which occurred at any time six years or more prior to the
- be on the balance of probabilities. property should be subject to civil asset recovery shall question under The standard of proof required to determine any Standard of proof this Act as to whether recoverable
- to be criminal property, terrorist property instrumentalities of crime. this Act is an order in rem against property believed 6. (1) A Property Restriction Order made under Orders in rem or
- instrumentalities of crime. (2) A Civil Asset Forfeiture Order made under Act is an order *in rem* against property which criminal property, terrorist property
- under this Act. 7. (1) Property which is criminal property, terrorist Criminal property property or an instrumentality of crime (hereinafter which may be referred to as "recoverable property") is recoverable
- (2) Recoverable property may be recovered—
- (a) in the case of criminal property or terrorist property obtained through criminal conduct, from the person who obtained the property through the criminal conduct; and
- (b) in the case of an instrumentality from any person who had the instrumentality for the purposes of, or with the intent of using the instrumentality for criminal conduct.
- (3) Where recoverable property—
- (a) is disposed of, the recoverable property continues to represent the criminal property, terrorist property or instrumentality may be followed into the hands of the person who obtained it; and
- (b) is converted, the property into which it was converted is recoverable under this Act.

 $\infty$ 

- instrumentality. instrumentality represents through criminal conduct, the portion of the mixed property which is attributable property is his property or belongs to another person, mixed with other property, whether (4) Where recoverable criminal property, property a terrorist act or the theterrorist property of a the recoverable property person obtained
- person is mixed with other property, if it is usedproperty, terrorist property or an instrumentality of a (5) For the purposes of subsection (4), criminal
- (a) to increase funds held in a bank account;
- (b) in part payment for the acquisition of an asset;
- (c) for the restoration or improvement of land;
- (d) by a person holding a leasehold interest in land to acquire the freehold; or
- (e) in such other manner so as to vest in another person an interest in the criminal property, terrorist property or instrumentality.
- profits accruing in respect of the criminal property or terrorist property obtains further property consisting of this Act. terrorist property, those profits may be recovered under (6) Where a person who has criminal property or
- under this Act (7) Recoverable property ceases to be recoverable
- (a) if it is vested, forfeited or otherwise disposed of, under this Act;
- (b) if pursuant to a judgment in civil proceedings, the defendant makes payment to the claimant or the claimant otherwise obtains property from the defendant;

 $\infty$ 

2019

- (c) if the claim of a claimant is based on the criminal conduct of the defendant;
- (d) if civil proceedings have commenced and the property obtained by the claimant would be recoverable property;
- (e) if the property is the subject of proceedings in the High Court for which a trustee has been appointed; or
- (f) while a forfeiture applies to the recoverable property, whether made under this Act or any other written law.
- treated as obtained through criminal conduct. property belonging to him, the interest is also to be (8) If a person grants an interest in recoverable
- property ceases to be recoverable. without notice that it was recoverable property, the that the property was obtained in good faith for value is able to satisfy the Court, on a balance of probabilities, (9) Where a person holds recoverable property and

#### PART II

## CIVIL ASSET RECOVERY, MANAGEMENT AND UNEXPLAINED WEALTH AGENCY

- instrumentality under this Act. disposal of criminal property, terrorist property or an shall be responsible for the recovery, management and Agency (hereinafter referred to as "the Agency") which Agency 8. (1) There is hereby established an Agency to be Establishment of known as the Civil Asset Recovery and Management and Management
- (2) The Agency shall be a body corporate.
- Trustee and two Deputy Civil Asset Trustees. (1) The Agency shall comprise a Civil Asset Composition of
- ten years' standing appointed by the President on the Civil Asset Trustees shall be Attorneys-at-law of at least (2) The Civil Asset Trustee and one of the Deputy

with following areas: advice of the Judicial and Legal Services Commission experience and qualifications in any of the

- (a) asset recovery;
- (b) asset management; or
- (c) finance and audit.
- who possesses qualifications and experience in-(3) The second Deputy Trustee shall be a person
- (a) asset recovery;
- (b) asset management; or
- (c) finance and audit or law,

the Prime Minister and Leader of the Opposition. and shall be appointed by the President on the advice of

- consultation with the Prime Minister and Leader of the President shall appoint the second Deputy Trustee after the Opposition cannot agree on the joint advice, Opposition. (4) In the event the Prime Minister and Leader of
- shall have at least ten years' experience and possess qualifications in finance and audit. (5) For the purposes of subsection (3)(c), a person
- qualifications and experience to act in the place of that illness or other cause, the Judicial and Legal Services absent or incapable of performing his duties due to during the period of the vacancy or the period of absence or temporary incapacity. Civil Asset Trustee or Deputy Civil Asset Trustee Commission shall appoint a person possessing the same (6) Where a Civil Asset Trustee or Deputy Civil Trustee under subsection (2) is temporarily
- subsection (3) is temporarily absent President may on the advice of the Prime Minister and performing his duties due to illness or other cause, the (7) Where the Deputy Trustee appointed under or incapable of

2019

- shall appoint a Trustee after consultation with the advice for the purposes of subsection (7), the President Leader of the Opposition cannot agree on the joint Prime Minister and Leader of the Opposition. (8) In the event that the Prime Minister and
- all Trustees were present. during that period are deemed to have been taken as if constitute the Agency and all actions taken by them Trustees of the Agency are present those Trustees shall (9) During the period of a vacancy, where two
- office as a predecessor. (10) A person appointed to fill a vacancy shall hold Trustee for the unexpired term of his
- a term not exceeding five years and shall be eligible for Trustees reappointment. 10. (1) The Civil Asset Trustee shall be appointed for Tenure and
- be eligible for reappointment. appointed for a term not exceeding four years and shall (2) A Deputy Civil Asset Trustee shall
- and other conditions of service of the Civil Asset Trustee section 141 of the Constitution, shall review the salaries and the Deputy Civil Asset Trustees (3) The Salaries Review Commission,
- allowances of the Trustees shall be a charge on the tenure of office and such salary, remuneration and disadvantage after their appointment and during their Consolidated Fund. (4) The salary, remuneration and other conditions Trustees shall not be altered

Disqualification of a Trustee

- person-Asset Trustee or Deputy Civil Asset Trustee if that 11. No person is qualified to be appointed as Civil
- (a) is an undischarged bankrupt
- (b) is of unsound mind; or
- (c) has at any time had a record of a criminal conviction for any indictable or summary offence which carries a term of imprisonment of at least twelve months.

Resignation of Trustee

- resign from office by notice in writing addressed to the President. 12. (1) The Civil Asset Trustee, may at any time,
- the President, through the Civil Asset Trustee. any time, from office by notice in writing addressed to (2) A Deputy Civil Asset Trustee may resign, at

Revocation of appointment

- time Trustee-The President in his own discretion may, at any revoke the appointment of a Trustee if the
- (a) is declared bankrupt in accordance with the laws of Trinidad and Tobago or any other country;
- (b) becomes of unsound mind;
- (c) is, for whatever reason, incapable of performing or unable to perform his duties as a member;
- (d) is convicted of an indictable offence or is sentenced to imprisonment for a term of six months or more;
- (e) has become a person who would be disqualified for appointment pursuant to section 11;
- (f) misbehaves in office or, brings his office into disrepute; or
- (g) for any other reasonable cause.

# 14. (1) The functions of the Agency shall be—

- (a) to secure the detention, custody or preservation of any recoverable property vested in it under a Civil Asset Restriction Order, Civil Asset Forfeiture Order or seized or forfeited to the State under any written law unless the recoverable property is to be used as an exhibit in court proceedings;
- (b) to manage criminal property, terrorist property or instrumentality vested in it under a Civil Asset Restriction Order, Civil Asset Forfeiture Order or an Unexplained Wealth Order or seized or forfeited by the State under any written law; and
- (c) in the case of criminal property, terrorist property or instrumentality other than cash or money, to realize the value of the criminal property vested in it under a Civil Asset Forfeiture Order, or seized or forfeited by the State under any written law as far as practicable, in the manner best calculated to maximize the amount payable to the Seized Assets Fund.
- Agency shall have the following powers: (2) In exercising its functions under this Act, the
- (a) to remove, take possession of and preserve, store or manage criminal property, terrorist property or instrumentality for the length of time or the term it determines proper and in accordance with the Civil Asset Restriction Order or Civil Asset Forfeiture Order;
- (b) to comply with the terms of any order to which the property is subject, including an order to comply with environmental,

No.  $\infty$ 

charges; to pay taxes, utility charges or other industrial, labour or property standards or

- $\widehat{c}$ to incur expenditure for the purpose of—
- (i) acquiring any part of the recoverable not vested in it; and property or any interest in it, which is
- $(\Xi)$ discharging the recoverable property is subject; extinguishing any rights to which any liabilities,  $^{
  m or}$
- (d) to manage recoverable property including
- $\Xi$ selling before their value diminishes; which property which are perishable or assets ought to be disposed of comprising the recoverable or otherwise disposing of
- (ii) where business; and for another to carry on, the trade or business, carrying on or arranging comprises theassets recoverable of а trade property
- (iii) incurring property;  $\operatorname{respect}$ capital ofthe expenditure recoverable
- (e) to sell recoverable property or any part of it or interest in it;
- 9 to start, carry property; proceedings in respect of the recoverable on or defend any legal
- (g)to make arrangements for the insurance of the recoverable property;
- A to destroy recoverable property that has cost of storage; little value, particularly in relation to the
- property that is inherently dangerous;  $\operatorname{destroy}$ contraband or recoverable

2019

- (j) to donate property for humanitarian purposes if it cannot be sold, despite reasonable efforts, after a year;
   (h) to share information with and received.
- (k) to share information with, and receive information from, law enforcement authorities; and
- (l) for the purpose or in connection with the exercise of any of its functions to—
- (i) hold property;
- (ii) enter into contracts;
- (iii) sue and be sued;
- (iv) employ agents;
- (v) execute a power of authority, deed or other instrument; and
- (vi) power to do any other act which is necessary.
- opportunity consideration of the matter. interest in writing to the President at the earliest consideration by the Agency shall disclose the fact of his direct or indirect actual, apparent or reasonably foreseeable conflict of a 15. (1) A Trustee or Property Manager who has any Disclosure of Interest and shall not interest in a matter under participate in
- unless he proves to the satisfaction of the High Court dollars and to imprisonment for a term of five summary conviction to a fine of five hundred thousand subsection (1) commits recklessly that he did not know that-(2) A person to whom this section applies who orknowingly an offence and is fails to comply liable on years
- (a) the matter in which he had an interest was the subject of consideration by the Agency;
- (b) he had an interest in the matter under consideration by the Agency.

Immunity of Trustee

- Agency under this Act. done in good faith in the course of the operations of the for anything done, omitted to be done or permitted to be 16. (1) A Trustee shall not be held personally liable
- information as permitted under this Act. against (2) No civil or criminal proceedings න Trustee who, in good faith, discloses shall lie
- of the operations of the Agency shall be paid out of the done or permitted to be done in good faith in the course consolidated fund. against the Agency for anything done or omitted to be (3) Any sum of money, damages or cost recovered

Property Manager

- is the subject to any proceedings under this Act. realising, or otherwise dealing with any property which possession of, preserving, managing, disposing of, 17. (1) There shall be a Property Manager of the who shall have responsibility for taking
- instrument of appointment. discretion for a period of time as determined in his shall be (2) The Property Manager under subsection (1) appointed by the President in his own
- shall not be altered to his disadvantage after his appointment and during his term of office terms and conditions of the Property Manager which (3) The Salaries Review Commission shall set the
- Manager if the Property Managertıme (4) The President in his own discretion may at revoke the appointment of the Property
- (a) is declared bankrupt in accordance with the laws of Trinidad and Tobago or any other country;
- (b) becomes of unsound mind;
- (c) is, for whatever reason, incapable of performing or unable to perform his duties as the Property Manager;

 $\infty$ 

2019

- (e) misbehaves in office or brings his office into disrepute; or
- (f) for any other reasonable cause.
- receiver. order, the Property Manager shall have the powers of a a High Court in relation to any property subject of the (5) Subject to any limits contained in any order of
- Property Manager may (6) In exercising hispowers as receiver, the
- (a) remove;
- (b) take possession of;
- (c) preserve;
- (d) manage;
- (e) modify;

store;

- (g) sell or otherwise dispose of; and
- (h) deal with,

and proper. the property in any manner that he thinks appropriate

- he considers proper. may do so for the length of time and on the terms that storing and managing property, the Property Manager (7) In removing, taking possession of, preserving,
- property subject of an order under this Act-(8) The Property Manager may in respect of
- (a) insure the property;
- (b) destroy the property that has little value, where the cost of storage and maintenance is high;

- (c) allow for the destruction of property that is inherently dangerous;
- (d) donate property for humanitarian purposes;
- (e) make provision for the property to be used by the State; and
- (f) where the recoverable property is the subject of a Civil Asset Forfeiture Order, realize the recoverable property.

Liability of Property Manager

power under this Act or for any neglect or default in the performance or exercise in good faith of any such duty or this Part, or in the exercise or intended exercise of any performance or intended performance of any duty under against any party Property Manager for any act done in good faith in the 18. No action or other proceeding may be commenced in respect of the actions of the

Staff and experts of Agency

- guidelines for contractual employment issued by the Agency and the person and shall be guided by any terms and conditions as are agreed upon between the performance of its functions under this Act on such Chief Personnel Officer, from time to time **19.** (1) The considers necessary Agency may employ such persons as for the due and
- consultants to assist in the conduct of its responsibilities under the Act. (2) The Agency may engage experts, advisers and
- shall not relieve the Agency of its functions under this Act and Regulations made hereunder. (3) The use of an adviser, expert or consultant
- personally liable for anything done, omitted to be done operations of the Agency under this Act. or permitted to be (4) An employee of the Agency shall not be held done in good faith during

- may have with the activities of the Agency. foreseeable conflict of a direct or indirect interest he engaged by the Agency shall fully disclose to the Agency writing any actual, apparent or (5) An employee, expert, adviser or consultant reasonably
- to the Civil Asset Trustee the nature of the interest. relevant facts come to his knowledge, disclose in writing subsection (1), shall as is likely to be affected in any way, on any matter under (6) An employee whose direct or indirect interest soon as possible after the
- thatterm of five years unless he proves that he did not know hundred thousand dollars and to imprisonment for a and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of five fails to comply with subsection (5) commits an offence engaged by the Agency who recklessly or knowingly (7) An employee, expert, adviser or consultant
- (a) the matter in which he had an interest was the subject of consideration by the Agency; or
- (b) he had an interest in the matter under consideration by the Agency.
- consultant commences duty under this Act, he shall Schedule 1. the (8) Before any employee, expert, Oath of Office and Secrecy set out in adviser or Schedule 1

## FINANCIAL PROVISIONS

PART III

- responsibility for finance. 20. In this Part, "Minister" means the Minister with Definition of
- Fund". 21. (1) There is hereby established a fund to be Civil Asset Recovery known as "the Civil Asset Recovery and Management Fund

 $\infty$ 

- (2) The monies in the Fund shall comprise
- (a) money appropriated by Parliament for the purposes of the Agency;
- gifts, any money and property paid or provided to funds of the Agency; income derived from the investment of the the Agency and fees, subsidies, donations, charges, rent, interestand other
- $\widehat{c}$ any money derived from the disposal of, or and owned by the Agency; dealing with real or personal property held
- (d)monies borrowed by the Agency with the charging its functions; meeting any of its obligations and for disapproval of the Minister for the purpose of
- emonies from the Seized Assets Fund used mentality; and nal property, terrorist property and instruto defray the cost of management of crimi-
- all other monies lawfully received by, or made available to the Agency with the approval of the Minister.

Funds of the Agency

- defraying the following expenditure: 22. (1) The money in the Fund shall be applied in
- (a) the acquisition of property by the Agency in the course of performing its functions or exercising its powers;
- *(b)* the remuneration, staff, experts, advisers and consultants; loans, pensions and gratuities payable to allowances, advances,
- $\widehat{c}$ contributions to a pension fund plan;
- capital and operating expenses, including of the Agency; maintenance and insurance of the property

- (e) management of criminal property under the control of the Agency;
- (f) starting, carrying on and defending any legal proceedings; and
- (g) any other expenditure authorized by the Agency in the performance of its functions.
- referred to in subsection (1). make provision for future expenditure in any category (2) The Agency, may in accordance with IFRS
- of the Consolidated Fund. control of the Agency, the balance shall be defrayed out are insufficient to manage criminal property under the (3) Where monies from the Seized Assets Fund
- estimates of expenditure from the Minister. the Minister having first obtained approval of the Treasury not later than the deadline date stipulated by Agency shall submit estimates Minister may direct for each financial year and the Estimates of expenditure accordance with IFRS or in such other form as the 23. (1) The Agency shall prepare a so prepared to the budget in
- information in relation to estimates he may require. Minister directs, furnish him with any (2) The Agency shall, at such time further as the
- to which it pertains. expenditure budget of the Agency for the financial year expenditure, as approved by the Minister, shall be the (3) Subject to the provisions of the Constitution Exchequer and Audit Act, the estimates of Chap. 69:01
- following shall be deemed to be the first financial year commencement of this Act to the end of September next the following year, but the period of twelve months beginning on the first day of October in any year to the thirtieth day of September in 24. (1) The financial year of the Agency shall be the Financial year period from the date of

Minister, vary its financial year. 2 The Agency may, with the approval of

TIMODE

- Agency and shall do all things necessary to ensure accounts and records of transactions and affairs of the 25. (1) The Agency shall cause to be kept proper
- (a) all monies received are properly brought to account;
- (b) all payments out of its money are correctly made and properly authorized; and
- (c) adequate control is maintained over the property and over the incurring of liabilities by the Agency.
- respect of that yearfinancial year the Agency shall cause to be prepared, in Within three months after the end of each
- (a) a report setting out the activities of the Agency; and
- (b) financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS,

be forwarded to the Minister and shall be laid in and a copy of such report and financial statements shall the Minister. Parliament within sixty days from the date of receipt by

inappropriate or inadequate for any type of accounting instructions as may be necessary. method, the Comptroller of Accounts may provide such (3) Where the standards included in IFRS are

Audit of accounts

- Constitution. accounts **26.** (1) The forthe purposes accounts of the of section Agency 116 are of the public
- immediately draw to the attention of the Minister and Auditor General or an to undertake the 2 On completion of an audit of the Agency, the audit, auditor as the case may be, authorized by

- which that Act applies. apply as if an audit referred to in this Part is one to pursuant to this Act, the Exchequer and Audit Act shall (3) For the purpose of an audit conducted
- the said report to the Minister. report been audited, the Auditor General shall submit his Constitution and shall simultaneously forward a copy of (4) As soon as the accounts of the Agency have ın accordance with section 116 of
- comprehensive audit of the activities of the Agency. General or an Minister from performing a (5) Nothing in this section precludes the Auditor auditor engaged by the Agency management
- conditions as he determines in writing. purpose, lend money to the Agency on such terms and out of money appropriated by the Parliament for that Government 27. The Minister may, on behalf of the Government, Borrowing from the
- into operation of this Act. previous year, commencing one year after the coming calendar year on the activities of the Agency for the Parliament within three months after the end of the 28. The Agency shall submit a report annually to Annual report

### Realized proceeds

- **29.** (1) The Agency shall make out of the sums which Applying realizable represent the realized proceeds of property which are Order or which it obtained pursuant to a Civil Asset vested in the Agency under a Civil Asset Forfeiture Chap 3:01 Forfeiture Order-
- (a) first, any payment required to be made by it by virtue of section 48;

- 6 next, any payment of legal expenses which 45(4)(b);are payable under sections 34(9)(b) and
- $\widehat{c}$ any fees payable to a liquidator or receiver by the High Court; and of a company appointed by, or supervised
- (d)any sums which remain to be paid to the Agency.
- into the Seized Assets Fund after any period- $\odot$ Sums under subsection (1)(d) shall be paid
- (a) referred under section 43(3) has expired or determined; or the application for compensation has been
- 6 within which an appeal may be made or if a determined whichever is the later. person appealed after the appeal has been

### PART IV

### CIVIL ASSET RECOVERY

Interpretation of certain words and phrases in Part IV

Chap. 72:01

30. For the purposes of this Part

"FIU" means the "Financial Intelligence Unit of Tobago Act; and Trinidad and Tobago" established under the Financial Intelligence Unit of Trinidad and

"property lawfully obtained" means property inheritance or other legitimate transfer activities and includes property acquired by that has been acquired through legitimate

Referral of matters to the Director of Public Prosecutions

investigation for a specified offence the Commissioner of the rank of Assistant Superintendent, Comptroller of Police or such other person delegated by him not below Inland Revenue has reasonable grounds to suspect that Customs and Excise or the Chairman of the Board of 31. (1) Where during the course of a criminal

ward an investigative report to the Director of Public the offence involves recoverable property he may for-Prosecutions.

- is of the view thatunder subsection (1), the Director of Public Prosecutions (2) Where upon receipt of an investigative report
- (a) there is but there is sufficient evidence that the criminal charges property is recoverable property; insufficient evidence to for a specified offence pursue
- 6 the defendant whose property may be the subject of a Property Restriction Order
- $\Xi$ has absconded the jurisdiction;
- $\Xi$ is outside of the jurisdiction;
- (iii)is too ill to face trial; or
- has died,

State, recoverable property to be forfeited to the and an application should be made for the Agency. he may refer the matter to

- **32.** (1) Prior to an application for a Property Agency to require Restriction Order under section 33 or a Civil Asset a company far as possible have-Forfeiture Order under section 44, the Agency shall as
- (a) an equity valuation done for any company this Part, to accurately determine the debt which may be subject to an Order under load and equity of the company; and
- 6 a valuation of any other asset which may be the subject of the Order.
- valuation or valuation prior to an application for a (2) Where it is not possible to conduct an equity

 $\infty$ 

practicable after the Property Restriction Order or the Order, the Civil Asset Forfeiture Order is made, cause to have Property Restriction Order or a Civil Asset Forfeiture Agency shall as soon as is reasonalbly

- (a) an equity valuation for any company being the subject of the Order to accurately determine the debt load and equity of the company; and
- (b) a valuation of any other asset which is the subject of the Order.

## Property Restriction Orders

Application for Property Restriction Order

- Public Prosecutions under section 31, the Agency shall order to be known as "a Property Restriction Order" to prohibit apply to the High Court in the prescribed form for an to forfeit the recoverable property under this Act. property until such time as an application can be made **33.** (1) Upon referral of a matter by the Director of a person from dealing with recoverable
- which is held in an account in a financial institution, the money may be all or part of the credit balance of the Where the recoverable property money
- application to the High Court under this Part take into consideration (3) The Civil Asset Trustee shall, in making an
- (a) whether the recoverable property can be identified; and
- (b) that evidence of criminal conduct is to be assessed at the civil standard.
- accompanied by an affidavit from the investigating officer. (4) An application under subsection (1) shall be
- made ex parte and without notice. (5) An application under subsection (1) may be

Restriction Order may be heard in camera.

- section 33(1) and the High Court is satisfied that-**34.** (1) Where an application  $^{1s}$ made under Grant of Property
  Restriction Order
- (a) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the property to which the application relates is recoverable property or associated property; or
- (b) the property to which the application for the order relates includes property of which there are reasonable grounds to suspect is associated property, and the Agency has not established the identity of the person who holds it,

it may grant a Property Restriction Order.

- Restriction Order, the High Court may, at any time-2 Where the High Court has made a Property
- (a) direct the Agency—
- (i) to seize, take possession and deliver up for safekeeping or otherwise secure any recoverable property; and
- (ii) to manage or otherwise deal with any recoverable property in respect of which it is appointed, subject to such exception and conditions as may be specified by the High Court;
- (b) require any person having possession of recoverable property in respect of which the Agency is appointed under this section to give possession of it to the Agency;
- (c) order that the property or any part of the recoverable property specified in the Property Restriction Order shall be dealt with in a particular manner including by an encumbrance that is ordered by the court

 $\infty$ 

- on such recoverable property in favour of the Agency together with an order that prohibits any further encumbrance or which prohibits dealing in or with such recoverable property;
- (d) order the preservation, management or disposition of the recoverable property or part of the recoverable property specified in the Property Restriction Order as the High Court considers appropriate.
- served on all persons known to the Agency and any the High Court may direct, notice of the order shall be affected by the order, and such other person as the High person claiming to have an interest in the Restriction Order being granted, or such other period as Court may direct. (3) Within fourteen daysof ಇ Property property
- stay the proceedings or allow them to continue on such proceedings are pending, the High Court may either Property Restriction Order has been applied for or made terms as it thinks fit.  $\operatorname{respect}$ (4) Where the High Court is satisfied that a ofany property in respect of which
- Restriction Order under this section may (5) The High Court in making В Property
- (a) exclude specified property or property described in the Property Restriction Order; from the Property Restriction Order;
- (b) otherwise make exclusions on the prohibitions on dealing with the property to which the Property Restriction Order applies; or
- (c) make such other orders as it considers appropriate in the interest of justice.

- enforcing judgments and registering a memorandum of relation to orders issued or made for the purpose of relation to a Property Restriction Order as they apply in lis pendens. (7) The Remedies of Creditor's Act shall apply in Chap. 8:09
- made, the High Court may in the order-(8) Where a Property Restriction Order is being
- (a) make provision for meeting out of the property or a specified part of the property, reasonable living expenses;
- (b) make provision for reasonable legal expenses, including expenses incurred in defending a criminal charge or any proceedings connected thereto and any proceedings under this Act;
- (c) make provision for expenses necessary to enable a person to carry on any trade, business, profession or occupation;
- (d) make provision for fees or service charges for routine holding or maintenance of frozen funds or other financial assets or economic resources;
- (e) make the person to whom the property relates subject to any other condition that the High Court considers reasonable;
- (f) indicate into which account held in a financial institution any excess cash shall be placed; or
- (g) prohibit the person to whom the property relates from possessing or controlling cash in excess of an amount to be prescribed by the Judge.

- ensure that the provisionproceedings that the person has incurred or may incur in respect of Restriction Order for a person to meet legal expenses (9) Where the High Court provides in a Property under this Part, the High Court shall
- (a) is limited to reasonable legal expenses that the person reasonably incurs; the person has reasonably incurred or that
- (b)specifies the exclusion; and released for legal expenses in pursuance of the total amount that may be
- $\hat{c}$ includes any other matter the High Court considers appropriate in the circumstances
- can be made for those exist from which provision for financial arrangements subsection (8)(a), (b) or (c), and unrecoverable assets arrangement shall be made out of the recoverable (10) Where provisions provisions, no financial are made under
- of which it is appointed, the Agency may do anything otherwise deal with any recoverable property in respect property and its value includingthat is reasonably necessary to preserve the recoverable made and the Agency has been directed to manage or (11) Where a Property Restriction Order has been
- (a) becoming a party to any civil proceedings that affect the recoverable property;
- 6 ensuring that the recoverable property is insured;
- realising recoverable property if- $^{
  m or}$ otherwise dealing with
- (i) it is perishable, subject to wasting or other forms of loss;
- its value is volatile or the cost of storage or maintenance is likely to exceed its value.

No.  $\infty$ 

2019

where-

- (iii) all persons known, by the agency, recoverable property consent to the the recoverable property; realization or other dealing with have an interest in the
- (iv) the delay involved in obtaining of the recoverable property; or significant diminution in the value such approval is likely to result in a
- ব্ the cost of obtaining such approval receiver, be disproportionate to the would, concerned; value of the recoverable property in the opinion of: the
- (d) whether the recoverable property consists wholly or partly of a business-
- (i) employing, employment of, business;  $^{0}$ terminating persons in thethe
- $\Xi$ doing any commercial basis; carrying on the business on a sound necessary other thing that convenient for
- (iii) selling, liquidating or winding up prior approval of the High Court; or concern, subject to obtaining the the business if it is not a viable
- (iv) if the recoverable property includes shares in a company, exercising holder of the shares the Agency were rights attaching to the shares as if the registered

Variation or setting aside of Property Restriction Order

- aside made by 35. a Property Restriction Order on an application (1) The High Court may at any time vary or set
- (a) the Agency; or
- (b) any person affected by the order,

where it appears in the interest of justice to do so.

- who may be affected by its decision an opportunity to be Restriction Order the High Court shall give any person (2) Before varying or setting aside a Property
- Property Restriction Order applies for the purpose of make exclusions from the prohibition on making enabling withdrawal payments from the account to which the Property Restriction Order shall include the power to operated-(3) The power under subsection (1) to vary a person by, or for whom the account is
- (a) to meet his reasonable living expenses;
- (b) to carry on any trade, business, profession or occupation; or
- (c) to meet reasonable legal expenses
- subject to a Property Restriction Order and the High cannot meet such expenses out of property that is not Restriction Order unless it is satisfied that the person section (3), recoverable make such an exclusion. Court determines that it is in the interest of justice to (4) The High exclude property or amount from the property identified in the Property Court shall not, under sub-
- and that person has incurred or may incur in respect of proceedings under this Part, the High Court shall the purpose of enabling a person to meet legal expenses ensure that the exclusion-(5) Where the High Court makes an exclusion for
- (a) is limited to reasonable legal expenses that the person has reasonably incurred or that the person reasonably incurs; and

 $\infty$ 

- (b) specifies the total amount that may be released for reasonable legal expenses in pursuance of the exclusion; or
- (c) includes any other matter the High Court considers appropriate in the circumstances.
- this section and while the order is in effect Where the High Court makes an order under
- (a) the High Court may stay any action, execution or other legal process in respect of the property to which the order applies; and
- (b) no distress may be levied against the property to which the order applies except with the permission of the High Court and subject to such terms as the High Court may impose.
- the Agency for the preservation of the property or the and to do anything he is reasonably required to do by by the Agency or to place it in the custody of the Agency possession or control to such place as may be specified documents relating to the property which are in his Restriction Order applies to bring the property and any Court may require the person to whom the Property Order Restriction Order granted under section 34, the High Property Restriction documents. For the purposes of the execution of a Property Requirement of
- Restriction Order, it may, at any time, upon application (1) Where the High Court has made a Property Third party rights
- (a) anyone with an interest in the property;
- (b) anyone who claims an interest in the property; or
- (c) the Agency,

make any further order in respect of the recoverable property including an order to revoke the Property

appears to the High Court to be in the interest of justice Restriction Order or to carry out the order, where it

- subsection (1)(a) or (b), the applicant shall satisfy the Court that-(2) In considering an application under
- (a) he was deprived of the property he claims or of property which it represents by unlawful conduct;
- (b) the property he was deprived of was not property recoverable under this Act immediately before he was deprived of it; and
- (c) he has a legal or equitable interest in the property claims.

Further provision re:
Property Restriction

- **38.** (1) Where a High Court has made a Property Restriction Order, the High Court may, at any time thereafter, make any further order that it considers appropriate.
- include an order-A further order under subsection (1) may
- (a) to appoint the Agency as receiver, or a receiver of the Court's choosing to take custody and control of the property or a part of the property that is specified in the Property Restriction Order and to manage or otherwise deal with the whole or any part of the property in accordance with any directions of the High Court;
- (b) authorizing a police officer to search for and seize any other recoverable property to prevent the recoverable property from being removed from Trinidad and Tobago; or
- (c) for the preservation, management or disposition of the recoverable property or part of the recoverable property specified in the Property Restriction Order as the High Court considers appropriate.

- granted where the Agency establishes thatseize (3) An order under subsection (2)(b) to search for any other recoverable property may be
- (a) a Property Restriction Order would not be property; or effective to preserve the recoverable
- there is property if the order is not granted. dissipation or alienation of the recoverable reasonable suspicion of risk of
- orderorder, he may seize the recoverable property and the been known of at the time of the application for the seizure order shall be deemed to authorise the seizure the order has its existence, or its existence at that place grounds, is of a kind that could have been included in finds any property that he believes, on reasonable providedgranted under subsection (2)(b), a police officer (4) If, during the course of a search under an
- (a) notice of the seizure of the hours to the High Court; and property is reported within forty-eight recoverable
- (6)a record of the seizure of the property is left occupier of the premises. property at the premises from which the recoverable was seized and is given to the
- and the Agency may subsequently make an application subsection (2)(b) may be retained by or on behalf of the recoverable property. Agency for twenty-eight days from the date of seizure for a Property Restriction Order in respect of the (5) Property seized under an order granted under
- days subsection (5), the property seized shall be returned to within fourteen days of the expiration of an order under practicable. the person from whom it was seized within fourteen thereafter (6) Where no application is made by the Agency or as soonasiŧ  $\mathbf{s}$ reasonably

Expiration of a Property Restriction Order

- section 34 or a further order granted under section 38 order is given under section 38expires ninety days after the date on which notice of the <u>39</u>.  $\triangleright$ Property Restriction 0rder granted under
- (a) unless an application for a Civil Asset Forfeiture Order under section 44 has been made; or
- (b) the Property Restriction Order is revoked before its expiration date.

Notice of Property
Restriction Order
to be given to public
and private
institutions

- Restriction Order, the order shall require the Agency ţ 40. Where the $\operatorname{High}$ Courthas made a Property
- (a) give notice of the orders to public or private institutions; and
- (b) publish a notice of the Property Restriction Order in the *Gazette* and for two days within a two-week period in two newspapers in daily circulation in Trinidad and Tobago.

Requirement to inform specified agencies of Property Restriction Order

- Property Restriction Order under section 33 in respect application relates and the Agency may, at that time, or to which a Property Restriction Order made on the interested in any land to which the application relates of land, the Agency restrict or prohibit dealings with the land. request the Court to direct the Registrar General to **41.** (1) Where the Agency makes an application for a shall be treated as a person
- in the relevant Register. being granted under subsection (1), enter the restriction (2) The Registrar General shall, on an Order
- of a motor vehicle, the Agency shall be treated as a Order made on the application relates and the Agency application relates or to which a Property Restriction Property Restriction Order under section 33 in respect dealings with the motor vehicle. Commissioner person interested in the motor vehicle to which the at that time, request the <u>ස</u> Where the Agency makes an application for a of Transport to restrict Court to direct the  $^{\mathrm{or}}$ prohibit

- restriction in the relevant Register. application (4) The Commissioner of Transport may, on an made under subsection (3), enter the
- application relates and the Agency may, at that time, Trinidad and Tobago ship. and Tobago to restrict or prohibit dealings with the registration of Trinidad and Tobago ships in Trinidad request the Court to direct the agency responsible for to which a Property interested in the ship to which the application relates or of a ship, the Agency shall be treated as a person Property Restriction Order under section 33 in respect 9 Where the Agency makes an application for a Restriction Order made on the
- on an Order being granted under subsection (5), enter the restriction in the relevant Register. Trinidad and Tobago ships in Trinidad and Tobago shall (6) The Agency responsible for registration of
- under section 34 in respect of property that is not located in Trinidad and Tobago, the Attorney General property is located under Part VI tomay request the assistance of the country where the Where a Property Restriction Order is granted Enforcement abroad is not of Property Restriction Order
- (a) prohibit any person from dealing with the property; or
- (b) assist in managing the property including securing its detention, custody or preservation.
- Restriction Order has at any time applied, the High Court does not, in the course of the proceedings, an application to the High Court for compensation Act, the person to whom the property belongs may make determine that the property is recoverable under this **43.** (1) If, in the case of property to which a Property Compensation
- Court Subsection (1) shall not apply where, the High
- (a) has made an order under section 37 in respect of the property; or

 $\infty$ 

- (b) makes a consent order under section 49
- made within three months, beginning the property, the application for compensation shall be no Property Restriction Order can be made in respect of (3) If a High Court has made a decision by which
- (a) with the date of the decision;
- (b)if an application is withdrawn or refused; or appeal, application is with the date on which the made for leave to
- 0 if the application is granted, with the date on which the proceedings on appeal are concluded,

just in the circumstances. or within such further period as the Court considers

- such further period as the Court considers just in the months beginning with the discontinuance or within compensation shall be made within the period of three circumstances. (4) If the proceedings in respect of the property discontinued, theapplication
- compensation to the applicant. applicant has suffered loss as a result of the Property Restriction Order, it may require the Agency to pay If the High Court is satisfied that the
- (6) If, but for section 47(2), any right mentioned there would have operated in favour of, or become considers just in the circumstances, apply to the High that section or within such further period as the Court period of three months beginning with the order under exercisable by, any person, that person may within the Court for compensation under this section.
- or become exercisable by him, the High Court may cannot subsequently operate in favour of the applicant pre-emption, right of return or other applicant. consequence of the operation of section 44, the right of (7) If the High Court is satisfied that, in the agency to pay compensation to similar right

# Civil Asset Forfeiture Order

- 44. (1) Where a Property Restriction Order has been Application for a made under section 34 and the Agency is satisfied that Forfeiture Order a "Civil Asset Forfeiture Order"). to the High Court for an order (hereinafter referred to as to the Property Restriction Order, the Agency may apply an order should be made to forfeit the property specific
- vests it in the State. which removes the legal ownership in the property and rem against assets which are recoverable property, (2) A Civil Asset Forfeiture Order is an order in
- into which original proceeds whether by sale or otherwise. Order may be made in respect of recoverable property (3) An application for a Civil Asset Forfeiture have been converted,
- grounds thereof. statements of information of belief with the sources and may contain, investigating officer relative to the application which Order shall be supported by (4) An application for a Civil Asset Forfeiture unless the High Court otherwise directs, an affidavit from the
- property under this section-Asset Forfeiture (5) Where the Agency makes an application for a Order against recoverable
- (a) it shall serve a copy of the application on any person whom the Agency has reason to believe has an interest in the recoverable property;
- (b) any person claiming an interest in the recoverable property may appear and adduce evidence at the hearing of the application; and

- (c) at any time before the final determination of the application, the High Court may direct the Agency to provide such notice that the High Court deems appropriate to any person, who in the opinion of the High Court, appears to have an interest in the recoverable property.
- Proceedings Rules. 6 in accordance with rules applicable in Civil Service of notice under subsection (5) shall be
- recoverable property and who seeks to oppose the making of a Civil Asset Forfeiture Order, or who wishes to exclude his interest from a Civil Asset Forfeiture Civil Proceedings Rules. Order shall file an appearance in accordance with the (7) Any person who asserts an interest in the
- representations to the High Court as to whether a Civil that the person with an interest of any nature in the recoverable property has the opportunity to make may be adduced before it and, in particular, shall ensure may determine, by its own procedures, the evidence that Asset Forfeiture Order should be granted. Forfeiture Order before the High Court, the High Court (8) Where an application is made for a Civil Asset

Grant of a Civil Asset Forfeiture

- on the balance of probabilities that the property should be forfeited, grant a Forfeiture Order to forfeit such property. 45. (1) The High Court may, where it is satisfied that Civil Asset recoverable
- subsection (1) that the property is-(2) In order to satisfy the High Court under
- (a) criminal property, it is not necessary to show that the property is derived directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, from a particular offence, or that any person has been charged in relation to the particular offence, only that it is criminal property;

- (c) terrorist property, it is not necessary to show that—
- (i) the property was derived from a specific terrorist act;
- (ii) the property has been, or is being, or is intended to be used by a terrorist or a terrorist organization, to commit a specific terrorist act, as long as it is shown that it has been, is being or is intended to be used by some terrorist organization or to commit some terrorist act;
- (iii) the property is owned or controlled by, or on behalf of a specific terrorist or terrorist organization, as long as it is shown to be owned or controlled by, or on behalf of some terrorist organization;
- the property has been provided or specific terrorist act, as long as it is supporting a terrorist or a specific terrorist act; or organisation providing support to some terrorist collected shown to terrorist organization or funding a collected for the forhave  $^{0}$ thebeen provided funding purposepurpose someof
- (v) any person has been charged in relation to any matter under subparagraph (i), (ii) or (iii) provided that always the evidence

 $\infty$ 

reveals that the property is connected to terrorism however evidenced.

- acquitted of any offence, charges were withdrawn before property under subsection (1) even if a a verdict was returned or if the proceedings were stayed. (3) Property may be found to be recoverable person was
- and exceptions as the High Court considers fit, and may Forfeiture Order may make it subject to such conditions section (1), the High Court in making a Civil Asset in particular-(4) Without prejudice to the generality of sub-
- (a) make provision for meeting out of the property or a specified part of the property, reasonable living expenses, including but not limited to—
- (i) mortgage or rent payments;
- (ii) allowances for food, medicine and medical treatment;
- (iii) any payment due as a result of an order of the High Court;
- (iv) provision for the reasonable living expenses of dependents including educational expenses; and
- (v) provision for taxes, insurance premiums and public utilities;
- (b) make provision for reasonable expenses, including expenses incurred in defending any legal proceedings including any proceedings under this Act;
- (c) make provision for expenses necessary to enable a person to carry on any trade, business, profession or occupation; or
- (d) be made subject to any other condition that the High Court considers reasonable.

- property in accordance with section 73. Manager who shall be responsible for realising the effect of vesting the forfeited property in the Property (6) A Civil Asset Forfeiture Order shall have the
- all criminal property, terrorist property, whether the property-(7) A Civil Asset Forfeiture Order may apply to instrumentalities of crime  $^{\mathrm{or}}$
- (a) is described in the order or not; or
- (b) was transferred to the person subject of an order after the making of the order.
- for notice to be given to persons affected by the order. (8) A Civil Asset Forfeiture Order shall provide
- (9) A Civil Asset Forfeiture Order—
- (a) may be discharged or varied in relation to any property; and
- (b) shall be discharged on the conclusion of the proceedings or application in question.
- committed the conduct on which the application for the Order may be made where a person, now deceased, order is based. (10) An application for a Civil Asset Forfeiture
- of a Civil Asset Forfeiture Order may be made by any person who has interest in the property subject to the (11) An application for the discharge or variation
- satisfied by a previous Civil Asset Forfeiture Order or Agency to recover the recoverable property has been an order under section 49. Forfeiture Order, if it is satisfied that the right of the (12) The High Court shall not make a Civil Asset

- Tobago. in two newspapers in daily circulation in Trinidad and the Gazette and for two days within a two-week period publish a notice of the Civil Asset Forfeiture Order in Forfeiture Order, the Order shall require the Agency (13) Where the High Court has made a Civil Asset
- of the related items of property or a part of any of the make a Civil Asset Forfeiture Order in relation to some to recover recoverable property, the High Court may is not required in order to satisfy the right of the Agency recoverable property, however the making of the Civil may be made in respect of two or more related items of related items of the recoverable property. Asset Forfeiture Order in respect of both or all of them where it is satisfied that a Civil Asset Forfeiture Order (14) Subject to subsection (12), the High Court,
- be dealt with in accordance with the direction of the High Court. (15) Property forfeiture under subsection (1) shall

Notice of grant of Civil Asset Forfeiture Order

- under section 45, it shall require the Agency to-**46**. Where a Civil Asset Forfeiture Order is granted
- (a) give notice of the orders to public or private institutions;
- (b) give notice to all persons known to the person making the claim that have an interest in the property specified in the Civil Asset Forfeiture Order;
- (c) publish a notice of the Civil Asset Forfeiture Order in two newspapers in daily circulation in Trinidad and Tobago; and
- (d) publish the Civil Asset Forfeiture Order on the website of the Agency.

in relation to any penalize or restrict the vesting of the property. whatever nature, **47.** (1) A Civil Asset Forfeiture Order is to have effect property despite any provision, of which would otherwise prevent,

Rights of pre-emption

- cannot operate or be exercisable in respect of the pre-emption right or return or other similar right property. under a Civil (3) Once property has been vested in the State Asset Forfeiture Order, a right of
- circumstances. return return" (4) For the purposes of this section, "a right of means any right under a provision for the or reversion of property in specified
- made in respect of property, the person who-48. (1) Where a Civil Asset Forfeiture Order has been Agreements about and joint property
- (a) holds the associated property; or
- (b) is an excepted joint owner,

the Agency and to allow for the vesting, creating or shall, where the Agency agrees, apply to the High Court extinguishing of any interest in the property. Forfeiture Payment Order") to allow for a payment to for an order (hereinafter referred to as "a Civil Asset

- agree which representsthat the Agency and the applicant under subsection (1) The amount of payment shall be the amount
- (a) property which is associated with the recoverable property and is specified or described in the application;
- (b) associated property which does not belong to the defendant, where the claim form or the application has been served on the person to whom the property belongs or the High Court has dispensed with service; and
- (c) the recoverable property belonging to joint owners or one of the owners is an excepted joint owner.

- subsequently of the view that the amount of loss suffered is less than the amount of the Civil Asset relevant circumstances. reasonable, having regard to that loss and any other amount that the Agency High Court to reduce the amount of the payment to an Forfeiture Payment Order, the Agency may apply to the further information is made under subsection (1), and the Agency, based on (3) Where a Civil Asset Forfeiture Payment Order coming to its and the applicant agree is attention, is
- application under subsection (3) that the amount to be Forfeiture Payment Order made under subsection (1). paid should be reduced, may amend the Civil Asset (4) The High Court, where it is satisfied upon an
- subsection (1) and the High Court thinks it just and equitable to do so, the High Court may, by Order-(5) Where there  $\dot{\mathbf{s}}$ no agreement under
- (a) vest associated property in the Agency;
- (b) extinguish the interest of the excepted joint owner; or
- $\widehat{c}$ secure the interest of the excepted joint owner.
- Order under subsection (4), may provide for either or both of the following: (6) An amended Civil Asset Forfeiture Payment
- (a) for the Agency to pay an amount to a person who holds the associated property or who is the excepted joint owner; and
- for the creation of interest in favour of that in the Agency. conditions in relation to the property vested person or the imposition of liabilities or
- Order under subsection (5) or (6), the High Court shall take into consideration-(7) In making a Civil Asset Forfeiture Payment
- (a) the rights of any person who holds the associated property or who is an excepted

joint owner and the value to him of that property or as the case may be of his share including any value which cannot be assessed in term of money; and

- (b) the interest of the Agency in receiving the realized proceeds of the property.
- **49.** (1) The High Court may make an order Staying of the Chereinafter referred to as a "consent order") staying other options of the any proceedings for a Civil Asset Forfeiture Order on High Court party to both the proceedings and the agreement. is the subject of the proceedings or the agreement, is a proceedings, if each person, to whom the property which terms agreed by the parties for the disposal of the
- staying the proceedings-(2) An order under subsection (1) may, as well as
- (a) make provision for any property which may be recoverable under this Act to cease to be recoverable; and
- (b) make any further provision which the High Court thinks appropriate.
- on a balance of probabilities, that the property that is shall make any order it considers necessary to protect but that a person is a legitimate owner, the High Court the subject of the application is recoverable property, that person's interest in the property. Civil Asset Forfeiture Order, the High Court is satisfied, legitimate owners **50.** (1) If, in the course of hearing an application for a orders regarding
- owner" (2) For the purposes of subsection (1) "a legitimate means in the case of-
- (a) criminal property, a person who—
- (i) was the rightful owner of the property before the criminal conduct occurred and was deprived of the property by the criminal conduct; or

- $\Xi$ acquired the property in good faith property was criminal property; reasonably conduct and did not and could not and for fair value after the criminal have known
- (b) instrumentalities, a person who has done instrumentality; and all that can reasonably be done to prevent property from being used as
- $\widehat{c}$ terrorist property, a person who can satisfy paragraphs (a) or (b). legitimate owner if the property fell under  $\operatorname{High}$ Courtthat he would be the
- under subsection (1), if the property is property that is unlawful for a person to possess in Trinidad and Tobago. (3) The High Court shall not make an order

Fugitive claims

a representative, in proceedings the court and is still an absconder in Trinidad and Tobago may not appear, whether personally or through Asset Forfeiture Order. Forfeiture Order or contesting the granting of a Civil 51. A person who has absconded from any process of for a Civil Asset

Specific Requirements for Certain Types of Properties

Real property

- of the land is required to maintain up to date payments encumber the land with a lien. of taxes and other debts that have the potential to person to whom the property relates or other occupant the Property Restriction Order should provide that the taxes or encumbered as security for mortgages or loans, Restriction Order is subject to government rates and 52. (1) Where land which is the subject of a Property
- the High Court may order the person to pay the relevant Agency shall inform the High Court of such failure and taxes and loan payments in respect of the property, the relates or other occupant of the land fails to pay rates, rates, taxes and loan payments. (2) Where the person to whom the property

- Asset Forfeiture Order made under this Act. (3) Taxes and liens will take priority over a
- conditional on the payment of the expenses and that occupant of the land to grant continued occupancy, grants the with the person to whom the property relates or other a Property Restriction Order, enter into an agreement not met. possession and evict the occupants if the conditions are (4) The Agency may, in making an application for Agency the immediate right to take
- the property at a rate that is sufficient to (5) Where the Agency is required to evict the occupants under subsection (4), the Agency may lease outstanding debts. expenses or to sell the asset and use the proceeds to pay meet
- asset is valued and determines how best to preserve the brokerage accounts, the Agency shall ensure that the Restraint Order in respect of value of the asset. **53.** (1) Prior to an application for a stocks,Civil Asset Cash, bank accounts bonds and and financial instruments
- into the possession of the Agency by the High Court the Agency in an interest-bearing account until a Civil under a Property Restraint Order, shall be preserved by Asset Forfeiture Order is made under this Act. (2) Cash, restrained under this Act and placed
- procedures taken to preserve or redeem their value. bonds and brokerage accounts may also be seized with cheques, money orders, certificates, deposits, stocks, (3) Financial instruments such ascashier
- Restriction Order or a Civil Asset Forfeiture Order, the boat in a secure, appropriate storage facility. Agency shall maintain the motor vehicle, airplane or 54. (1) Where the Agency is required to maintain a Motor vehicles vehicle, airplane or boat under a Property airplanes or boats
- Civil Asset Forfeiture Order, dispose of by sale and in (2) The Agency may, with the permission of the Court under a Property Restriction Order or a

best value possible. motor vehicle, airplane or boat seized so as to obtain the accordance with Regulations made under this Act, any

motor vehicle, airplane or boat, permit the owner to retain use of the motor vehicle, airplane or boat during upon the inter-parties application of the owner of the payment of an amount equivalent to its value at the the posting of a bond by the owner guaranteeing the the course of the Civil Asset Forfeiture proceedings with time the case was initiated. Court under a Property Restriction Order and (3) The Agency may, with the permission of the

Companies

- manager of the business which is the subject of an order appointed by the High Court. to continue the operations under the control of for permission in the relevant order for the business 55. (1) The Agency may apply to ask the High Court manager contracted by the Agency current
- immediate control of bank accounts, accounting systems and valuable plant and equipment. and records, important business data, valuable stocks manager under subsection (2) is required to take (2) The Agency  $^{10}$ appointed or contracted
- the performance of the business to the Agency under subsection (2), he shall send regular reports on (3) Where a manager is appointed or contracted
- but decide not to undertake the financial risks associated with the continued operation, and may place the proceeds in the Seized Assets Fund. instead close the operations or sell the business and Agency, shall include the business in the relevant order under this Part is assessed to be of little value, the (4) Where the business is the subject of an Order

Listed assets

realized, a reference to the cost incurred in storing or of the listed assets which are subsequently detained or detained or realized under this Act represents only part Restriction Order or Civil Where listed assets, Asset Forfeiture subject to ත Property Order

insuring the listed assets as required by Regulations insuring the entire listed assets. made under this Act, includes a reference to storing or

depreciating asset and place the proceeds in the Seized value, the Agency may sell the perishable or rapidly cost of storage or maintenance is likely to exceed its wasting or other forms of loss, its value is volatile or the respect of property which is perishable or subject to  ${
m Assets} \ {
m Fund}.$ 57. Where a Civil Asset Forfeiture Order is made in Perishable and depreciating assets

### PART V

# Unexplained Wealth Orders

- the course of an investigation for a specified offence by him not below the rank of Assistant Superintendent reasonably suspects that-(hereinafter referred to as "the Commissioner of Police or such other person delegated Revenue, the Comptroller of Customs and Excise or the for a declaration 58. (1) Where the Chairman of the Board of Inland Application for Order applicant") during
- (a) the total wealth of the respondent exceeds the value of his lawfully obtained wealth;
- (b) the total wealth of the respondent is over five hundred thousand dollars;
- (c) the property is owned by the respondent or is under his effective control; and
- (d) the property was obtained through the commission of a specified offence,

he may apply to the High Court in writing for an order relation to his assets to file a declaration and answer questions as required in Unexplained Wealth Order"), requiring the respondent ("in this Part hereinafter referred to as a Preliminary

- accompanied by an affidavit stating An application under subsection shall be
- (a) the identity of the respondent;
- (b) the grounds by which the applicant reasonably suspects that the total wealth of the respondent exceeds the value of his lawfully obtained wealth; and
- (c) the grounds by which the applicant reasonably suspects that any property is owned by the respondent or is under his effective control.
- made ex parte. (3) An application under subsection (1) may be

Form of declaration Schedule 2

- the form set out as Form 1 in Schedule 2. **59.** (1) A declaration under section 58(1) shall be in
- Section 58 (1) shall be filed under seal. (2) All documents filed in the High Court under

False declaration

one hundred thousand dollars and to imprisonment of offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of statement which is false in any material particular on twenty years 60. A person who knowingly and wilfully makes declaration form under section 58 commits

Preliminary
Unexplained Wealth
Order

- are reasonable grounds to suspect that the total wealth answer questions relative file a declaration and appear before the High Court to was lawfully obtained, it may make a Preliminary of the respondent exceeds the value of his wealth that Wealth Order. Court to decide whether to make an Unexplained Unexplained Wealth Order, requiring the respondent to 61. (1) Where the High Court is satisfied that there to his assets for the High
- making of the order shall be served on the respondent Order has been made under this section, a notice of the within 7 days from the making of the order. (2) Where a Preliminary Unexplained Wealth

- the order under section 61(2), apply to the High Court **62.** (1) Where the High Court makes a Preliminary Application to revoke Unexplained Wealth Order under section 61, the Unexplained Wealth respondent may, within twenty-eight days of notice of Order for the order to be set aside or discharged.
- hearing date within fourteen days. section, (2) Where an application is made the High Court shall order an inter partes under this
- provide the Chairman of the Board of Inland Revenue, who made the application under section 58(1) withby him not below the rank of Assistant Superintendent Commissioner of Police or such other person delegated section, Comptroller of Customs (3) Where an application is made under this the respondent under subsection and Excise or the (1) shall
- (a) written notice of the application; and
- (b) a copy of any documents supporting the application.
- section, the respondent under subsection (1) may appear and adduce evidence. (4) Where an application is made under this
- opposing the application. copy of any document or material it proposes to rely on made under this section and shall give the respondent a and adduce evidence at the hearing of any application (5) The applicant under section 58(1) may appear
- seven days before the hearing of the application. pleadings under this section shall be given no later than (6) The notice and copies of any evidence or
- **63.** Where an application has been made to revoke a Revocation of Preliminary Unexplained Wealth Order, the High Court Unexplained Wealth shall revoke the order if it is satisfied that there are no Order grounds on which the order could be maintained

Application for an Unexplained Wealth Order

- an Unexplained Wealth Order. **64.** (1) The applicant may apply to the High Court for
- accompanied by (2) An application under subsection (1) shall be
- (a) an affidavit setting out the reasons why an Unexplained Wealth Order should be made; and
- (b) documents in support of the application.

Grant of an Unexplained Wealth Order

- Unexplained Wealth Order, which has not been of the affidavit and documents submitted and evidence revoked, in relation to a respondent and on the basis provided, is satisfied that-65. (1) Where the High Court has made a Preliminary
- (a) on a balance of probabilities that any part of the wealth of the respondent was not lawfully obtained or held;
- (b) the total wealth of the respondent is over five hundred thousand dollars; or
- (c) particular property is held by, and subject to the effective control of the respondents,

it may make an Unexplained Wealth Order.

- subsection (1)(b)(2) It does not matter for the purposes of
- (a) whether or not there are other persons who also hold the property; or
- (b) whether the property was obtained by the respondent before or after the coming into force of this Act.
- respondent, equal to the amount that the High Court is property of the respondent. is liable to pay into the Seized Assets Fund an amount this section, the order shall specify that the respondent satisfied does being (3) Where the High Court makes an order under the "unexplained not represent the wealth lawfully amount" acquired of

- section (1), the High Court may have regard to information and any evidence provided subsequently not included in the Preliminary Unexplained Wealth (5) When consideringthe issues under sub-
- against property of the respondent. (6) An order under subsection (1) may be enforced the property as if the property were the
- application of the applicant under section 58(1), if the under section 58(1) without such restriction. available to the Chairman of the Board of Inland High Court is satisfied that the property would not be property identified in this section may be made, upon by him not below the rank of Assistant Superintendent Commissioner of Police or such other person delegated Revenue, the Comptroller of Customs and Excise or the respondent or any (7) An order that restricts named person to deal with the the right of the
- of the order, of any property the respondent forfeited an amount equal to the value, at the time of the making under a Property Restriction Order under section 34, a Proceeds of Crime Act. Unexplained Wealth Order, the High Court shall deduct Confiscation Order or Forfeiture Order under the Civil Asset Forfeiture Order under section 45, or a (8) When considering the amount of
- gives leave, apply for an Unexplained Wealth Order under section 58(1) shall not, unless the High against any person ifby him not below the rank of Assistant Superintendent Commissioner of Police or such other person delegated Comptroller (9) The Chairman of the Board of Inland Revenue, of Customsand  $\operatorname{Excise}$
- (a) an application has previously been made

- for an Unexplained Wealth Order in relation to that person; and
- (b) the application has been finally determined on the merits.
- section (9) unless the High Court is satisfied that (10) Leave shall not be granted under sub-
- (a) the wealth to which the new application relates was identified only after the first application was determined; or
- (b) the evidence became available only after the first application was determined; and
- (c) it is in the interest of justice to give the leave.

Third party claims

- written notice of the application toparticular property, he or it, as applicable, shall give for an **66.** (1) If the applicant, under section 58(1), applies Unexplained Wealth Order in respect of
- (a) the respondent, who is subject to the application for the Unexplained Wealth Order; and
- (b) any other person whom he or it has reason to believe may have an interest in the property.
- interest in the property, may appear and adduce evidence at the hearing of the application. (2) The respondent, and any person who claims an

Enforcement of Unexplained Wealth Order

- Seized Assets Fund under an Unexplained Wealth Order is a civil debt due by the respondent to the State. 67. (1) An amount payable by the respondent into the
- in civil proceedings instituted by the applicant under due by him to the State. section 58(1) against the respondent to recover a debt respondent may be enforced as if it were an order made (2) An Unexplained Wealth Order against the
- purposes to be treated as a judgment debt. (3) An Unexplained Wealth Order  $\mathbf{s}$

2019

against the estate of the respondent. death of a respondent, the Order is exercisable (4) If an Unexplained Wealth Order is made after

### PART VI

# PROPERTY OUTSIDE OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

- exceptions or qualifications as may be specified in the Tobago this Act, the Attorney General may by Order, subject to treaty shall have the force of law in Trinidad and negative to the provision of mutual assistance for the purposes of Trinidad and Tobago and any other territory in relation in force **68.** (1) subject Where a treaty has been concluded between Declaration of treaty resolution to of Parliament, declare that the  $\operatorname{such}$ limitations, conditions,
- determination by either party to the Treaty. under subsection (1), unless the treaty provides for the (2) The Attorney General shall not make an Order
- remain in force for any longer period than the treaty. recite or embody the terms of the treaty and shall not (3) An Order made under subsection (1), shall
- any other territory. time being in force between Trinidad and Tobago and Convention, Treaty, Agreement or Arrangement for the (4) In hissection, "treaty" means any
- 69. (1) The Attorney General may enter into an Reciprocal sharing of agreement with the government of any foreign State for proceeds agreement the reciprocal sharing of the proceeds or disposition of-
- (a) property forfeited or disposed of under this Act; or
- (b) property forfeited or disposed of by a foreign State,

of Trinidad and Tobago, in circumstances where agencies of that foreign State, or participated in the forfeiture or disposal of the property as the case may be,

- proceeds shall be deposited into the Seized Assets Fund. Tobago under an agreement under this section, the Where proceeds are received by Trinidad and
- Attorney General may approach the High Court for an return of property or proceeds from property the reciprocal sharing of proceeds of, or disposition of property forfeited or disposed of under this Act and a the proceeds of property forfeited or disposed of under Order to allow the return of the property or sharing of request is made from a foreign State in respect of the this Act. (3) Where there exists no agreement for the
- requesting that the order concerned be enforced in under section 68, then, subject to subsection country with which Trinidad and Tobago has a treaty the assistance of that country to that end. accordance with the laws of that country, and seeking request may be transmitted by the Attorney General apply is suspected to be on reasonable grounds in a has been made and the property to which those orders Asset Forfeiture Order or an Unexplained Wealth Order relation to certain 70. (1) Where a Property Restriction Order, a Civil Assistance in
- (2) Assistance under subsection (1) may include—
- (a) securing the detention, custody or preservation of the property;
- b) in the case of money, ensuring that it is applied in accordance with the laws of that country; and
- (c) in the case of property other than money, ensuring that the property is realized and the proceeds applied in accordance with the laws of that country.
- this section has been accepted, the Agency shall inform the relevant authority for that country if the concerned Property Restriction Order, Civil Asset Forfeiture Order (3) In any case where a request to a country under

- may be prescribed by Minister with responsibility for twenty-five thousand dollars or such other amount as the property required to satisfy the order is less than the amount specified in the order or the total value of finance, by Order. for the enforcement of an Unexplained Wealth Order if (4) A request shall not be made under this section
- Trinidad and Tobago, relevant evidence specified in the request including evidence to establishsection is assistance in obtaining, outside of (5) Assistance that may also be requested under
- (a) the property to which the order applies is property which is recoverable under this Act or associated property;
- (b) the property is recoverable under this Act in relation to the same criminal conduct and, if it is, who holds it; or
- (c) other property is tainted property in relation to the same unlawful conduct, and if it is, who holds it.
- General with a view to it being forwarded tounder this section, make the request to the Attorney (6) The Agency shall, in requesting assistance
- (a) a court or tribunal which is specified in the request and which exercises jurisdiction in the place where the evidence is to be obtained;
- (b) the government of the country concerned; or
- (c) the authority recognised by the government of the country concerned as the appropriate authority for receiving request for assistance of that kind.

## PART VII

# Asset Management

- Civil Asset Trustee 71. (1) WHERE WILL CIVIL ASSET FORFEITURE to apply for apply for appointment of Property Restriction Order or a Civil Asset Forfeiture Property Manager to Order under this Act, he may also apply for the Property Property Manager to Order under this Act, he may also apply for the property relative to the Property Restriction Order or a Civil Asset Forfeiture Order. Manager to be 71. (1) Where the Civil Asset Trustee applies for a appointed to manage the property
- receiver in respect of any property. withstanding the (2) The Property prior appointment of a Manager may trustee or act not-
- Trustee for the purpose. duties (3) The Property Manager may be assisted in his by any person appointed by the Civil Asset
- information from and receive information from relevant authorities in exercising his functions under this Act. (4) The Property Manager may

Duties of Property Manager

- report identifying the location of the property. file with the High Court and the Attorney General, a soon as practicable after the order is issued, prepare and property pursuant to a High Court order, he shall as 72. (1) Where the Property Manager takes control of
- form set out as Form 2 in Schedule 2. (2) A report under subsection (1) shall be in the
- seized, forfeited, realized and destroyed under this Act. maintain detailed records of all property restrained, (3) The Property Manager will initiate
- seizure, disposition, destruction and in the case of sale, Property Manager value of any property under the management of the the value realized. (4) Records under subsection (3) shall include the at the time of the restraint or
- or the property has been sold, the Property Manager where it was reported to be located under subsection (1), (5) Where the property is no longer at the place

to sell, destroy or otherwise deal with property as he Forfeiture Order, the Property Manager may take steps forfeited property the value realized. 73. (1) Subject to any limits in the Civil Asset Realization of

sees fit.

- best calculated to maximise the realized amount. property vested in it or him under the Civil Asset Property Forfeiture Order, so far as practicable, in the manner (2) Subject to subsection (1), the Agency or the Manager shall realize the value of the
- soon as practicable dispose of the forfeited property. (3) The Agency or the Property Manager shall as
- realizing the value of property subject of a Civil Asset incur Forfeiture Order. (4) The Agency or the Property Manager may reasonable expenditure for the purpose of
- property. recovered from the amount realized by forfeiture of the Property (5) Any expenditure incurred by the Agency or the rty Manager under subsection (4) shall be
- shall be paid into the Seized Asset Fund (6) The process of the realization of property forfeited as a result of a Civil Asset Forfeiture Order

## PART VIII

# Miscellaneous

- confidential except disclosures related to the administration of this Act, as secret and shall treat documents, information or other matters experts and consultants with the administration of this Act including advisers, employees of the Agency and every person concerned 74. (1) Trustees of the Agency, the Property Manager, Confidentiality engaged under section 19(2)
- (a) made by the Agency, or any other person

- pursuant to the provisions of this Act or any Regulations made hereunder; and
- (b) which the Agency considers necessary in the discharge of its functions.
- submitted to the Agency is kept as confidential and documents, secret by the Agency. right to request that any proprietary or confidential (2) Subject to subsection (1), a person has the information 0r matter provided
- in contravention of this section commits an offence and other matter relevant to the administration of this Act administration of the Act, is liable knowingly discloses Agency (3) A Trustee, the Property Manager, employee of or any documents, information or person concerned who recklessly with any or
- (a) on summary conviction to a fine of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars and to imprisonment for five years; and
- (b) on conviction on indictment to a fine of five hundred thousand dollars and to imprisonment for seven years.

Regulations

- for the purpose of giving effect to this Act. 75. (1) The Attorney General may make Regulations
- be subject to negative resolution of Parliament. (2) Regulations made under subsection (1), shall
- subsection (1), the Attorney General may regulations for-(3) Notwithstanding the generality make
- (a) the procedures for the—
- (i) storage of—
- (A) precious metals, jewels and artwork;
- (B) motor vehicles, boats and airplanes;

- (C) seized cash, bank accounts and financial instruments; and
- (D) agricultural products and livestock;
- (ii) for the management or disposal of—
- (A) motor vehicles, boats and airplanes;
- (B) seized cash, bank accounts and financial instruments;
- (C) real property; and
- (D) agricultural products, livestock and farms; or
- (b) the procedures for the exchange of information, evidence and property under an agreement made under section 68;
- (c) the making of any forms required to be made under this Act; and
- (d) prescribing the form and content of registers required for the purposes of this Act.
- Interpretation Act, Regulations made under this section Chap. 3:01 Regulations of up to five hundred thousand dollars. prescribe (4) Notwithstanding penalties for breaches section 63 ofofthose
- 76. The Acts listed in the First Column of the table set Consequential out in Schedule 3 are amended to the extent set out in Schedule 3 the Second Column of that table

## SCHEDULE 1

(Section 19)

# CIVIL ASSET RECOVERY AND MANAGEMENT AGENCY OATH OF OFFICE AND SECRECY

any such document, reports and record. So help me God. any unauthorised person or allow any such person to have access to secret and confidential and I shall not disclose or communicate to thereto in the Civil Asset Recovery and Management Agency as I will treat all documents and all records and information relating and to best of my ability discharge the duties of my office and that I, AB, solemnly and sincerely swear that I will conscientiously

Justice of the Peace

#### SCHEDULE 2

[Section 59(1)]

#### FORM 1

#### DECLARATION OF ASSETS PART I

				IDENTIFICATION SECT	ION
NAME OF DEC	CLARA	VT:			
HOME ADDRI	ESS OF 1	DECLA	RAN	Γ:	OFFICE ADDRESS OF DECLARANT:
Date of Birth:	YYYY	MM	DD	Telephone (Home):	Telephone (Office):
				Fax:	Fax:
NIS Number:				E-mail:	E-mail:
BIR Number:		•			
NAME OF DEC	CLARA	T'S SI	POUS	E (SURNAME, OTHER NAMES):	HOME ADDRESS OF DECLARANT'S SPOUSE:
2				EPENDENTS (SURNAME, OTHER	OFFICE ADDRESS OF DECLARANT'S SPOUSE (If applicable):

#### PART II DETAILS OF INCOME (OF DECLARANT, SPOUSE AND DEPENDENTS)

1. INCOME FROM EMPLOYMENT—GOVERNMENT/NON-GOVERNMENT (Include receipts from any Ministry, Dept., Board, Agency, etc.)

Name and Address of Employer	Recipient's Name (Declarant/Spouse/Dependents)	Title of Office	Gross Annual Earnings \$
			Ψ

2. INCOME FROM TRADE.	PROFESSION OR	VOCATION	(Please state Net Income-	-after deduction of expenses)

Name and Address of Business	Nature of Business	Recipient's Name	Annual Net Income
		Recipient's Name (Declarant/Spouse/Dependents)	\$

#### 3. INCOME FROM PROPERTY (Please state Net Income—after deduction of expenses)

Address and Description of Property	Tenant's Name	Recipient's Name (Declarant/Spouse/Dependents)	Annual Net Income \$

#### 4. INTEREST INCOME

Name and Address of Organisation/Persons	Recipient's Name (Declarant/Spouse/Dependents)	Annual Income
from whom Interest Received	(Declarant/Spouse/Dependents)	\$

#### 5. DIVIDEND INCOME (from shares and stock)

Name and Address of Organisation from which Dividend Received	Recipient's Name (Declarant/Spouse/Dependents)	Annual Income \$

#### 6. GAINS/PROFITS

Description of any	In Whose Name Held	Purchase Price and	Expenses	Proceeds of	Gains/Profits
Assets Sold	(Declarant/Spouse/	Additional Capital	Relative to Sale	Sale	[c - (a + b)]
	Dependents)	Expenditure	(b)	(c)	\$
		(a)	\$	\$	
		\$			

#### 7. OTHER BENEFITS FROM EMPLOYMENT (including but not limited to Housing and Travelling)

Name and Address of Employer	Recipient's Name (Declarant/Spouse/Dependents)	Description of Benefit	Value \$

8. OTHER INCOME (not herein previously declared—including but not limited to receipts by way of commissions, bonuses, pensions,

Source of Income and Address	trust, annuitie Recipient's Name	Description of Income	Value
Source of meome and Address	(Declarant/Spouse/Dependents)	Description of meonic	\$
	(Deciarant/Spouse/Dependents)		<u> </u>
·			
			<del></del>
·			<del></del>

#### PART III DETAILS OF ASSETS (OF DECLARANT, SPOUSE AND DEPENDENTS)

#### 1. REAL PROPERTY

1.1 LAND AND BUILDINGS (including townhouses and condominiums)

Address and Description of Property including Land and Floor Areas	In Whose Name Held (Declarant/Spouse/ Dependents)	Date of Acquisition	Original Cost \$	Cost of Additions \$	Estimated Value as at date of declaration

#### 1.2 LAND (Without Buildings)

Address, Description and Area of Land	In Whose Name Held (Declarant/Spouse/ Dependents)	Date of Acquisition	Original Cost \$	Estimated Value as at date of declaration

#### 2. AMOUNTS HELD IN BANKS AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (not including Unit Trust and Mutual Funds)

Name and Address of Institution	Type of Account	In Whose Name Held (Declarant/Spouse/ Dependents)	Account Number	Balance as at date of declaration

#### 3. UNIT TRUST AND MUTUAL FUNDS

Name and Address of Institution	In Whose Name Held (Declarant/Spouse/Dependents)	Number of Units Held	Value \$Value
	(=)		as at
			date of declaration
		+	

#### 4. CASH AND VALUABLES HELD IN SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

eclarant/Spouse/Dependents)	\$
	1
	1
_	

#### 5. LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES

Company	Type of Policy	In Whose Name Held (Declarant/Spouse/Dependents)	Annual Premium Paid \$	Sum Assured \$	Cash Surrender Value \$

#### 6. COMPANY SHARES AND STOCK 6.1 COMPANY SHARES AND STOCK [(Quoted), i.e., Traded on the Stock Exchange]

Name of	Stock Units/	In Whose Name Held	Value
Company	Shares Held	(Declarant/Spouse/Dependents)	Market Value as at date of declaration
			\$

#### 6.2 COMPANY SHARES AND STOCK (UNQUOTED)

Name and Address of	Nature of Business	Stock Units/ Shares Held	In Whose Name Held	Estimated Value
Company		Shares Here	(Declarant/Spouse/Dependents)	•
-				
-				
-				
-				
-				

#### 7. INVESTMENT IN PARTNERSHIPS, JOINT VENTURES AND OTHER BUSINESSES

Name and Address of Company or Business	Nature of Business	Percentage Ownership	In Whose Name Held	Investment as at date of declaration
			(Declarant/Spouse/Dependents)	

#### 8. OTHER ASSETS 8.1 MOTOR VEHICLES

Make and Model	Registration Number	Purchase Price \$	In Whose Name Held	Sum Assured \$	Estimated Value as at date of declaration
			(Declarant/Spouse/Dependents)		
-					

#### 8.2 MONEY LOANED

Name and Address of Borrower	Amount Lent	Date Lent	Name of Lender (Declarant/Spouse/Dependents)	Balance Due as at date of declaration
Bollowel	\$		(Declarant/Spouse/Dependents)	date of declaration

#### 8.3 GOVERNMENT AND CORPORATE BONDS

Issuing	In Whose Name Held	Date of	Interest	Maturity	Estimated Value as at
Organisation	(Declarant/Spouse/Dependents)	Purchase	Rate	Date	date of declaration

#### 8.4 CREDIT UNIONS

Name and Address of Credit Union	Type of Account (Shares/Savings/ Fixed Deposit)	In Whose Name Held (Declarant/Spouse/Dependents)	Account Number	Balance Due as at date of declaration
Credit Onion	rixed Deposit)			

#### 8.5. ANY OTHER ASSETS (not herein previously declared—including but not limited to Boats, Jewellery, Paintings, Coin Collections, etc.)

Description	Location	In Whose Name Held	Value as at
		(Declarant/Spouse/Dependents)	date of declaration
	·		

### PART IV DETAILS OF LIABILITIES (OF DECLARANT, SPOUSE AND DEPENDENTS)

#### 1. MORTGAGE LOANS

Name and Address of Lender	Name of Borrower (Declarant/Spouse/ Dependents)	Property/Asset Mortgaged	Original Loan and Date Incurred	Interest Rate and Term	Amount Paid for the Year	Balance Owing as at date of declaration

#### 2. OTHER LIABILITIES (including but not limited to Judgment Debts)

Name and Address	Name of Debtor	Date	Original	Amount Repaid	Amount Owing
of	(Declarant/Spouse/Dependents)	Date	Debt	during Year	as at
Organisation/Person	(Beclarana spouse, Bependents)	Incurred	\$	\$	date of
Owed			·	·	declaration
-					
	<u> </u>				

#### PART V DECLARATION

I declare that I have given a full return of the particulars, as are known to me, of the income from every source whatsoever, and of the assets and liabilities, of my spouse, my dependents and myself, required to be filed in accordance with the provisions of the Civil Asset Recovery, Management and Unexplained Wealth Act, 2018.

Signature of Declarant

#### SCHEDULE 2—CONTINUED

(Section 72)

#### FORM 2

#### STATUS REPORT ON PROPERTY

NAME OF PROPERTY MANAGI	ER:	DATE:				
DATE OF ORDER:	PRESIDI	PRESIDING JUDGE:				
TYPE OF PROPERTY:	DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY:	VALUE OF PROPERTY:	LOCATION OF PROPERTY:			
			SIGNATURE			
			DATE			
			2.112			

No.

 $\infty$ 

# Civil Asset Recovery and Management and Unexplained Wealth

### SCHEDULE ယ

(Section 76)

## Consequential Amendments

Written Laws First Column

Second Column Amendment

11:27Crime Act, Chap. The Proceeds of

The Proceeds of Crime Act is amended-

- (a) in section 58A
- $\Xi$ in paragraph (g), by deleting the word "and";
- (ii) in paragraph (h), by deleting the "; and"; and word "." and substituting the words
- (iii) the following new paragraph: by inserting after paragraph (h),
- "(i) cash or proceeds of the Act."; the State under the Civil or personal sale of any property, real Unexplained Management AssetRecovery forfeited to Wealth and and
- (b) in subsection (2) the following new subsection: section 58B, bу inserting after
- behalf of the State."; responsible for managing the sale on Management Civil under subsection (1) or (2) until it is sold and where it is to be sold, the Management Agency shall be responsible for managing property (3) The Civil Asset Recovery and Asset Agency Recovery shall and
- (c) in section 58C, by inserting after subsection (2) the following new subsection:
- responsible for managing the sale on Management Civil under subsection (1) or (2) until it is sold and where it is to be sold, the Management Agency shall be responsible for managing property behalf of the State."; (3) The Civil Asset Recovery and AssetAgency Recovery shall shall and

191

## SCHEDULE ယု -CONTINUED

(Section 76)

## CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS

## (d) in section 58E-

- $\Xi$ in paragraph (c), by deleting the word "and";
- $\Xi$ in paragraph (f), by deleting the word "." and substituting the words "; and"; and
- (iii) by inserting after paragraph (f), the following new paragraph:

"(g) use AssetManagement section 8 Management functions."; and in the performance of its Unexplained Wealth Act established Assetbу Recovery Recovery of the the Agency under Civil Civil and and and

### (e) in section 58M-

- $\widehat{\Xi}$ words "; and"; in paragraph (b), by deleting the
- $\Xi$ in paragraph (c), by deleting the word "." and substituting the words "; and"; and
- (EE) by inserting after paragraph (c), the following new paragraph:
- "(d) the management Unexplained Act.". AssetManagement controlManagement section established 21 of the Recovery Recovery ofthe Wealth under Fund Civil Civil and and and and

Intelligence Unit of Trinidad and Tobago The Financial Act, Chap. 72:01

In section 8(1) by deleting the words "and the Anti-terrorism Act" and substituting the words ", the Anti-terrorism Act, the Economic Sanctions Act and the Civil Asset Recovery and Management and Unexplained Wealth Act.".

of April, 2019. Passed in the House of Representatives this 8th day

J. SAMPSON-MEIGUEL

Clerk of the House

Passed in the Senate this 16th day of April, 2019.

B. CAESAR

Clerk of the Senate

Representatives this 23rd day of April, 2019. Senate amendments were agreed to by the House of

J. SAMPSON-MEIGUEL

Clerk of the House